Perspectives on Art and Beyond



www.pab.reapress.com

Pers. Art. Bey. Vol. 2, No. 1 (2025) 40-45.

Paper Type: Original Article

Art as a Bridge Between Reality and Imagination: A Look at the Photo Collection of Jean Rezaei

Bahman Khaledi*

Department of Cinema, Faculty of Documentary Cinema, IRIB University, Tehran, Iran; khaledibahman99@gmail.com.

Citation:

Received: 19 Novamber 2024	Khaledi, B. (2025). Art as a bridge between reality and imagination: A
Revised: 14 January 2025	look at the photo collection of Jean Rezaei. Perspectives on Art and Beyond,
Accepted: 17 February 2025	2(1), 41-45.

Abstract

Jean Rezaei's photo exhibition Borders Between Imagination and Reality, explores how art mediates between the tangible world and human fantasy, reshaping perception through aesthetic distortion. Drawing on Nietzsche's assertion that art shields us from harsh truths and Lacan's psychoanalytic view of reality's entanglement with fantasy, the collection highlights photography's role in redefining reality. By deliberately blurring and abstracting natural forms particularly trees Rezaei's work disrupts geometric precision, revealing nature's inherent lack of straight lines and challenging the camera's presumed objectivity. The images, reminiscent of low-quality photography, reject technological perfection to emphasize fleeting, human-centric moments. The exhibition echoes Cézanne's impressionist pursuit of "truer" angles, using blurred motion to suggest depth and dynamism. This technique distorts boundaries between fantasy and reality, inviting viewers to reconsider mundane objects. Rezaei's approach underscores that pixels, like human perception, construct a fantastical version of reality, where artistic value lies not in technical precision but in interpretive engagement. Held at Tehran's Idea Gallery (December 2024), the project positions art as a synthesis of sensory and imaginative labor rather than a passive product of nature or technology. Ultimately, the collection argues that art's power stems from its ability to reframe reality through imaginative distance, offering beauty that subtly influences lived experience. By prioritizing human creativity over tools, Rezaei reaffirms art's timeless role as a bridge between the world as it is and as it might be perceived—a space where imperfection and abstraction unveil deeper truths.

Keywords: Iranian contemporary art, Reality-Fantasy spectrum, Perceptual distortion, Photographic abstraction, Postdigital aesthetics.

1|Introduction

In an era where globalization often dominates cultural narratives, the question of how local artistic voices can resonate universally remains vital. Jean Rezaei's photographic exhibition, borders between imagination and Reality, exemplifies what Belting [1] identifies as "the paradoxical condition of contemporary art-locally rooted yet globally legible". This project is not merely a collection of images; it is a bold statement that creativity knows no geographical or linguistic limits. Rooted in Iranian soil yet speaking a global aesthetic

🖂 Corresponding Author: khaledibahman99@gmail.com

doi 10.48313/pab.v2i1.40

 (\mathbf{i})



42

language, it serves as both inspiration and invitation to young Iranian artists: the path to innovative art is open, and the world stage awaits their unique perspectives. By merging the philosophical depth of Western thought [2] with a distinctly Persian sensitivity to abstraction and poetic ambiguity, Rezaei demonstrates how Iranian artists can transcend conventional frameworks to create works that are at once culturally grounded and universally compelling.

The exhibition's core premise that art reinterprets reality through fantasy—mirrors the journey of contemporary Iranian artists navigating dualities: tradition and modernity, local identity and global discourse. Too often, young creators in Iran face the false dichotomy that they must either replicate Western paradigms or retreat into folkloric nostalgia. Rezaei's work rejects this binary through what Belting [1] describes as the capacity of "local images to circulate beyond their origins while retaining transformative power". His deliberate use of blurred, pixelated imagery reminiscent of early digital photography yet devoid of technological nostalgia asserts that innovation lies not in tools but in vision. For emerging artists, this is a liberating manifesto: your smartphone camera, your experimental techniques, and most importantly, your cultural lexicon are enough to contribute to global conversations. The exhibition whispers, then shouts, that Iran's rich visual heritage (from miniature painting's intricate layers to calligraphy's fluid geometry) can be reimagined through contemporary mediums without dilution.

Consider how Rezaei's trees, fractured yet alive, symbolize resilience a metaphor for Iranian art itself. The branches piercing perceived borders evoke the tenacity of creators who persist despite infrastructural or political constraints. His homage to Cézanne's multiplicity of perspectives is particularly poignant: just as the French painter fragmented nature to reveal deeper truths, Iranian artists can deconstruct and reassemble their cultural narratives to challenge monolithic perceptions. The exhibition's Tehran venue, Idea Gallery, becomes a microcosm of this potential a space where local audiences engage with universal themes, proving that art born in Iran need not be about Iran to matter globally.

To young artists, Rezaei's work offers three radical affirmations:

- I. Creativity is democratized. The exhibition's embrace of "low-quality" imagery dismantles the myth that advanced technology or institutional validation are prerequisites for meaningful art.
- II. Cultural hybridity is power. By weaving Lacanian theory with Persian aesthetic traditions, the collection models how Iranian artists can be both scholars of global discourse and innovators of their own visual language.
- III. Art is an act of defiance. In blurring the lines between reality and imagination, Rezaei subtly critiques the rigid boundaries artistic, social, or ideological that seek to confine creative expression.

This exhibition arrives at a pivotal moment. As digital platforms collapse geographical barriers, Iranian artists are uniquely positioned to leverage their dual fluency. The call is not to abandon Persian sensibilities but to interrogate and expand them to let the "crooked lines" of Iranian history and identity, as Rezaei's photographs suggest, become sources of authenticity rather than obstacles. To those who fear their work is "too Iranian" for global audiences or "not Iranian enough" for local critics, Borders Between Imagination and Reality replies: Art thrives in paradox. Your hybrid voice is your strength. Whether through photography, installation, or digital media, you too can carve a space where the cypress trees of Persian poetry shade discussions on ecological crisis, where the geometry of Isfahan's mosques dialogues with Afrofuturist abstraction.

The global art world hungers for such syntheses not as exotic artifacts but as vital contributions to contemporary thought. Rezaei's project culminates in a challenge: Art is not a mirror to reality but a lens to reshape it. For young Iranian creators, this means the power to redefine perceptions of their culture lies in their hands. The blurred boundaries in these photographs are an allegory for the fertile ambiguities you are invited to explore. Begin where you are. Use what you have. The rest the exhibitions, the dialogues, the unexpected connections will follow. "We have art in order not to perish from the truth." [2].

For this reason, art overlays a layer of fantasy or imagination upon reality, creating a distance that makes it more bearable for us. This distance can be aesthetic; the beauty inherent in art allows us to forget the harshness and bitterness of reality. Jean Rezaei's photographic collection, titled 'Borders Between Imagination and Reality,' seeks to illustrate how distancing oneself from the mundane can lead to the creation of beauty and how an aesthetic perspective can redefine our perception of reality.

French psychoanalyst Jacques Lacan also viewed reality as intertwined with fantasy. He believed that while reality and imagination "cannot be fully separated, a distinct boundary exists between them." [3]. When this boundary is excessively crossed, it can lead to mental health issues. In this context, art serves as a nuanced intermediary between imagination and reality, allowing us to reimagine reality in fresh and creative ways. This interplay between fantasy and reality gives art the power to present reality as enchanting and beautiful, almost like a comprehensible miracle.

The photography exhibition project 'Borders Between Imagination and Reality' focuses its first showcase on trees. It creates an abstract texture through the camera's blurred and indistinct views, offering images that do not exist in the tangible world. In these photographs, hazy lines dissect the spatial composition, while the branches of the trees break through perceived borders. Much like abstract paintings, the orderly lines of the horizon become disrupted. In abstract art, slanted lines can evoke emotions, creating shapes reminiscent of a smile or a frown along the lip line. Such disruptions often appear more authentic than straight lines, offering visual pleasure.



Fig. 1. Jean Rezaei, Borders between Fantasy and Reality, Idea Gallery, Tehran, December 2024.

Geometric shapes, fundamentally human interpretations of nature, do not genuinely exist in the natural world. When examined on a microscopic level, nature reveals no perfectly straight lines. These lines, often imagined uniquely in the human mind, do not reflect physical reality. Even light does not travel in straight paths, meaning the straight lines we recognize are mental constructs.

A digital camera captures the external world in pixels but cannot faithfully represent all of reality; rather, it depicts aspects of reality that lie within the realm of fantasy. Rezaei's collection aims to portray these lines as crooked and distorted while also elongating and smoothing them so that the natural trees seem more realistic in comparison. The camera's blurred perspective reveals that the true essence of the world differs from our perceptions; in pure nature, there is no art.



Fig. 2. Jean Rezaei, Borders between Fantasy and Reality, Idea Gallery, Tehran, December 2024.

The blurriness of the images suggests a movement that transcends the frame, striving to escape from it. This idea can be traced back to the works of Impressionist painter Paul Cézanne, who understood that our perception of reality arises from the images captured by our two eyes. How can we be certain that reality is as it appears, influenced by our unique perspectives? Cézanne sought to provide imaginary angles and boundaries to the forms of nature to convey a truer representation. This addition of depth and dynamism through the blurring of images in photography serves a similar function: it enables our perception and senses to emerge by distorting the layers of fantasy and reality around us, fostering a deeper understanding of everyday objects and experiences.

The photographs in this exhibition are intentionally designed to resemble those taken with a low-quality camera. This does not invoke a nostalgic sentiment linked to older cameras, as it aligns with contemporary reality and seeks to suggest that art is moving away from technological perfection. Instead, it aims to capture an element that lends weight to the moment, distancing itself from the historical trajectory of technological advancement. While cameras may produce increasingly high-quality images, these low-quality photos capture moments that humanity is gradually leaving behind.

The significance lies not in the camera's quality or the images themselves, as they are all inherently composed of pixels representing a fantastical version of the external world. Art exists within the sphere of human perception, where the presence of humanity holds greater importance than technological innovation. Regardless of the camera's capabilities, it is human seriousness and interaction that create and capture art in the moment.

The photographic research exhibition 'Borders Between Imagination and Reality,' created by Jean Rezaei and held from December 14 to 19 of this year at the Idea Gallery in Tehran, Iran, is a pioneering collection. It aims to demonstrate that art is not merely a byproduct of nature and technology but rather a synthesis of visual and tactile perceptions. This approach to photography shows audiences that tools and image quality represent just one facet of art, with its primary impact arising from the artist's interpretive and imaginative engagement with reality and fantasy [4].

The outcome of this exhibition for its audience is that art can offer an alternative view of reality through the lens of fantasy, creating a distance between everyday reality and the beauty found within the imagination, ultimately influencing reality in subtle ways. This emphasis on the power and creative potential of humanity is key to understanding and appreciating art. Art has always sought new expressions and interpretations of reality and cannot limit itself to established frameworks. Thus, it serves as a bridge connecting humanity with the surrounding world, presenting reality in fresh and unexpected forms.

2 | Conclusion

Jean Rezaei's Borders Between Imagination and Reality reveals how art can fundamentally alter our engagement with the world. By dissolving the conventional lines between perception and representation, this exhibition creates a space where reality becomes fluid and open to reinterpretation. The intentionally blurred, pixelated images of trees transcend their botanical subjects to become powerful visual metaphors-simultaneously grounded in their cultural context yet universal in their resonance. Rezaei's technical choices carry deep conceptual significance. The use of low-quality digital imaging transforms technological limitations into artistic strengths, proving that innovation emerges from vision rather than tools. These imperfect, abstracted images paradoxically achieve greater truthfulness than precise representations could, revealing how creative distortion can expose deeper realities beneath surface appearances.

For contemporary artists, particularly those working within specific cultural traditions, this exhibition offers both inspiration and a working model. It demonstrates how local visual intelligence can engage with global artistic conversations without losing its distinctive character. The photographs exemplify how cultural roots can nourish rather than restrict creative expression, allowing artists to participate in international discourse while maintaining their unique perspective.

Ultimately, borders between imagination and reality celebrates art's unique capacity to exist in productive tension-between the concrete and the abstract, the particular and the universal, tradition and innovation. In an increasingly digital world, Rezaei's work reaffirms the irreplaceable value of human vision and interpretation. The exhibition transforms the gallery into a transformative space where visitors don't just observe art, but experience the very process by which reality can be reimagined. In these blurred boundaries, we discover art's most vital function: to reveal both our shared humanity and our beautiful, necessary differences.



Fig. 3. Jean Rezaei, Borders between Fantasy and Reality, Idea Gallery, Tehran, December 2024.

References

- Belting, H. (2011). An anthropology of images: Picture, medium, body. Art and Architecture. https://B2n.ir/nx8056
- [2] Nietzsche, F. (1968). The will to power. Vintage Books. https://B2n.ir/nq1943
- [3] Evans, D. (2006). An introductory dictionary of Lacanian psychoanalysis. Routledge. https://B2n.ir/nj1609
- [4] Ingold, T. (2007). Lines a brief history. Routledge. https://B2n.ir/sr6646